

ATXN3 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP9244c**Specification**

ATXN3 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [P54252](#)**ATXN3 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 4287**Other Names**

Ataxin-3, Machado-Joseph disease protein 1, Spinocerebellar ataxia type 3 protein, ATXN3, ATX3, MJD, MJD1, SCA3

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [AP9244c](/products/AP9244c) was selected from the Center region of human ATXN3. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ATXN3 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**Name** ATXN3 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:33157014, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:7106}**Function**

Deubiquitinating enzyme involved in protein homeostasis maintenance, transcription, cytoskeleton regulation, myogenesis and degradation of misfolded chaperone substrates (PubMed: [12297501](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12297501), PubMed: [17696782](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17696782), PubMed: [23625928](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23625928), PubMed: [28445460](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28445460), PubMed: [33157014](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33157014), PubMed: [16118278](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16118278)). Binds long polyubiquitin chains and trims them, while it has weak or no activity against chains of 4 or less ubiquitins (PubMed: [17696782](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17696782)). Involved in degradation of misfolded chaperone substrates via

its interaction with STUB1/CHIP: recruited to monoubiquitinated STUB1/CHIP, and restricts the length of ubiquitin chain attached to STUB1/CHIP substrates and preventing further chain extension (By similarity). Interacts with key regulators of transcription and represses transcription: acts as a histone-binding protein that regulates transcription (PubMed:12297501). Acts as a negative regulator of mTORC1 signaling in response to amino acid deprivation by mediating deubiquitination of RHEB, thereby promoting RHEB inactivation by the TSC-TBC complex (PubMed:33157014). Regulates autophagy via the deubiquitination of 'Lys-402' of BECN1 leading to the stabilization of BECN1 (PubMed:28445460).

Cellular Location

Nucleus matrix. Nucleus. Lysosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein.
Note=Predominantly nuclear, but not exclusively, inner nuclear matrix (PubMed:9580663).
Recruited to lysosomal membrane in response to amino acid deprivation by the RagA/RRAGA-RagB/RRAGB complex (PubMed:33157014)

Tissue Location

Ubiquitous.

ATXN3 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

ATXN3 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Images

ATXN3 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background

ATXN3 was known as spinocerebellar ataxia-3, is an autosomal dominant neurologic disorder. The protein contains (CAG)_n repeats in the coding region, and the expansion of these repeats from the normal 13-36 to 68-79 is one cause of Machado-Joseph disease. There is a negative correlation between the age of onset and CAG repeat numbers.

ATXN3 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References

Reina,C.P., et.al, Hum. Mol. Genet. 19 (2), 235-249 (2010)Jung,J., et.al, Hum. Mol. Genet. 18 (24), 4843-4852 (2009)