

CLDN4 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP9615b**Specification**

CLDN4 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession [O14493](#)

CLDN4 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 1364

Other Names

Claudin-4, Clostridium perfringens enterotoxin receptor, CPE-R, CPE-receptor, Williams-Beuren syndrome chromosomal region 8 protein, CLDN4, CPER, CPETR1, WBSCR8

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CLDN4 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name CLDN4

Function

Channel-forming tight junction protein that mediates paracellular chloride transport in the kidney. Plays a critical role in the paracellular reabsorption of filtered chloride in the kidney collecting ducts. Claudins play a major role in tight junction-specific obliteration of the intercellular space, through calcium-independent cell-adhesion activity.

Cellular Location

Cell junction, tight junction {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O35054}. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=CLDN4 is required for tight junction localization in the kidney. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O35054}

CLDN4 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

CLDN4 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images**CLDN4 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background**

CLDN4 is an integral membrane protein, which belongs to the claudin family. The protein is a component of tight junction strands and may play a role in internal organ development and function during pre- and postnatal life.

CLDN4 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Papageorgis, P., et al. Cancer Res. 70(3):968-978(2010)Kimura, J., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(1):401-408(2010)Robertson, S.L., et al. Infect. Immun. 78(1):505-517(2010)Seckin, Y., et al. Acta Gastroenterol. Belg. 72(4):407-412(2009)