

Recombinant Human BAFF Receptor

Catalog # PBG10026

Specification

Recombinant Human BAFF Receptor - Product Information

Recombinant Human BAFF Receptor - Additional Information

Description

BAFF Receptor (BAFFR), a member of the TNFR superfamily, is highly expressed in spleen, lymph node, and resting B cells and to some extent in activated B cells, resting CD4+ cells and peripheral blood leukocytes. BAFFR is a type III transmembrane protein that binds with high specificity to BAFF (TNFSF13B). BAFFR/BAFF signaling plays a critical role in B cell survival and maturation. Recombinant human BAFFR is a 76 amino acid polypeptide (7.7 kDa) corresponding to the extracellular portion of the full BAFFR protein.

BiologicalActivity

Determined by its ability to block BAFF induced M splenocyte survival. The expected ED₅₀ for this effect is 2.0-4.0 μ g/ml in the presence of 1.0 μ g/ml of human soluble BAFF.

Authenticity

Verified by N-terminal and Mass Spectrometry analyses (when applicable).

Endotoxin

Endotoxin level is $<0.1 \text{ ng}/\mu\text{g}$ of protein ($<1\text{EU}/\mu\text{g}$).

Protein Content

Verified by UV Spectroscopy and/or SDS-PAGE gel.

Storage

-20°C

Precautions

Recombinant Human BAFF Receptor is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Recombinant Human BAFF Receptor - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety





• Cell Culture

Recombinant Human BAFF Receptor - Images