

Recombinant Human BD-1 (47a.a.)

Catalog # PBG10031

Specification

Recombinant Human BD-1 (47a.a.) - Product Information

Recombinant Human BD-1 (47a.a.) - Additional Information

Description

Defensins (alpha and beta) are cationic peptides with a broad spectrum of antimicrobial activity that comprise an important arm of the innate immune system. The α -defensins are distinguished from the β -defensins by the pairing of their three disulfide bonds. To date, six human β -defensins have been identified; BD-1, BD-2, BD-3, BD-4, BD-5 and BD-6. β -defensins are expressed on some leukocytes and at epithelial surfaces. In addition to their direct antimicrobial activities, they can act as chemoattractants towards immature dendritic cells and memory T cells. The β -defensin proteins are expressed as the C-terminal portion of precursors and are released by proteolytic cleavage of a signal sequence and in some cases, a propeptide sequence. β -defensins contain a six-cysteine motif that forms three intra-molecular disulfide bonds. Recombinant human BD-1 is a 5.0 kDa protein containing 47 amino acid residues.

BiologicalActivity

Determined by its ability to chemoattract CD34+ dendritic cells using a concentration range of 100.0-1000.0 ng/ml.

Authenticity Verified by N-terminal and Mass Spectrometry analyses (when applicable).

Endotoxin

Endotoxin level is <0.1 ng/ μ g of protein (<1EU/ μ g).

Protein Content

Verified by UV Spectroscopy and/or SDS-PAGE gel.

Storage -20°C

Precautions

Recombinant Human BD-1 (47a.a.) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Recombinant Human BD-1 (47a.a.) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- <u>Dot Blot</u>
- Immunohistochemistry



- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Recombinant Human BD-1 (47a.a.) - Images