

Animal-Free Recombinant Human PDGF-BB

Catalog # PBG10489

Specification

Animal-Free Recombinant Human PDGF-BB - Product Information

Animal-Free Recombinant Human PDGF-BB - Additional Information

Description

PDGFs are disulfide-linked dimers consisting of two 12.0-13.5 kDa polypeptide chains, designated PDGF-A and PDGF-B chains. The three naturally occurring PDGFs; PDGF-AA, PDGF-BB and PDGF-AB, are potent mitogens for a variety of cell types including smooth muscle cells, connective tissue cells, bone and cartilage cells, and some blood cells. The PDGFs are stored in platelet α -granules and are released upon platelet activation. The PDGFs are involved in a number of biological processes, including hyperplasia, chemotaxis, embryonic neuron development, and respiratory tubule epithelial cell development. Two distinct signaling receptors used by PDGFs have been identified and named PDGFR- α and PDGFR- β . PDGFR- α is high-affinity receptor for each of the three PDGF forms. On the other hand, PDGFR- β interacts with only PDGF-BB and PDGF-AB. Recombinant human PDGF-BB is a 24.3 kDa disulfide-linked homodimer of two B chains (218 total amino acids).

BiologicalActivity

Determined by the dose-dependent stimulation of the proliferation of Balb/c 3T3 cells.The expected ED₅₀ for this effect is 1.0-3.0 ng/ml.

Authenticity Verified by N-terminal and Mass Spectrometry analyses (when applicable).

Endotoxin level is <0.1 ng/ μ g of protein (<1EU/ μ g).

Protein Content Verified by UV Spectroscopy and/or SDS-PAGE gel.

Storage -20°C

Precautions

Animal-Free Recombinant Human PDGF-BB is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Animal-Free Recombinant Human PDGF-BB - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot



- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Animal-Free Recombinant Human PDGF-BB - Images