

## **Insig1 Blocking Peptide**

Catalog # PBV10397b

## **Specification**

### **Insig1 Blocking Peptide - Product Information**

 Primary Accession
 Q08755

 Other Accession
 NP\_071787

 Gene ID
 64194

 Calculated MW
 28232

### **Insig1 Blocking Peptide - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 64194

Application & Usage

The peptide is used for blocking the antibody activity of InSig-1. It usually blocks the antibody activity completely in Western blot analysis by incubating the peptide with equal volume of antibody for 30-60 minutes at 37°C.

#### **Other Names**

Insulin-induced gene 1 protein, INSIG-1, Immediate-early protein CL-6, Insulin-induced growth response protein CL-6, Insig1, Cl-6

## **Target/Specificity**

Insig1

### **Formulation**

 $50 \mu g$  (0.5 mg/ml) in phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.2, containing 50% glycerol, 1% BSA and 0.02% thimerosal.

# **Reconstitution & Storage**

-20 °C

### **Background Descriptions**

#### **Precautions**

Insig1 Blocking Peptide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### **Insig1 Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**

Name Insig1 {ECO:0000312|RGD:708457}

#### **Function**

Oxysterol-binding protein that mediates feedback control of cholesterol synthesis by controlling both endoplasmic reticulum to Golgi transport of SCAP and degradation of HMGCR. Acts as a



negative regulator of cholesterol biosynthesis by mediating the retention of the SCAP-SREBP complex in the endoplasmic reticulum, thereby blocking the processing of sterol regulatory element-binding proteins (SREBPs) SREBF1/SREBP1 and SREBF2/SREBP2. Binds oxysterol, including 25- hydroxycholesterol, regulating interaction with SCAP and retention of the SCAP-SREBP complex in the endoplasmic reticulum. In presence of oxysterol, interacts with SCAP, retaining the SCAP-SREBP complex in the endoplasmic reticulum, thereby preventing SCAP from escorting SREBF1/SREBP1 and SREBF2/SREBP2 to the Golgi. Sterol deprivation or phosphorylation by PCK1 reduce oxysterol-binding, disrupting the interaction between INSIG1 and SCAP, thereby promoting Golgi transport of the SCAP-SREBP complex, followed by processing and nuclear translocation of SREBF1/SREBP1 and SREBF2/SREBP2. Also regulates cholesterol synthesis by regulating degradation of HMGCR: initiates the sterol-mediated ubiquitin-mediated endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation (ERAD) of HMGCR via recruitment of the reductase to the ubiquitin ligases AMFR/gp78 and/or RNF139. Also regulates degradation of SOAT2/ACAT2 when the lipid levels are low: initiates the ubiquitin- mediated degradation of SOAT2/ACAT2 via recruitment of the ubiquitin ligases AMFR/gp78.

#### **Cellular Location**

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O15503}; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O15503}

#### **Tissue Location**

Highly expressed in liver and kidney.

### **Insig1 Blocking Peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

**Insig1 Blocking Peptide - Images**