

Human recombinant protein Ubiquitin-K48R K63R

Human Recombinant Ubiquitin-K48R K63R Catalog # PBV10643r

Specification

Human recombinant protein Ubiquitin-K48R K63R - Product info

Primary Accession P62979
Concentration 4

Calculated MW 8.592 kDa KDa

Human recombinant protein Ubiquitin-K48R K63R - Additional Info

Gene ID 6233
Gene Symbol RPS27A
Gene Source Human
Source E. Coli

Assay&Purity RP-HPLC; ≥95%

Assay2&Purity2 N/A; Recombinant Yes

Format Liquid

Storage

-80°C; 4 mg/ml in 20 mM Tris, pH 7.5, 0.15 M NaCl and 10% glycerol.

Human recombinant protein Ubiquitin-K48R K63R - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Human recombinant protein Ubiquitin-K48R K63R - Images

Human recombinant protein Ubiquitin-K48R K63R - Background

Ubiquitin is a small polypeptide that can be conjugated via its C-terminus to amine groups of lysine residue on target proteins. This conjunction is referred to as monoubiquitylation. Additional ubiquitin moieties can be subsequently conjugated to this initial ubiquitin, utilizing any one of the seven lysine residues on the surface of ubiquitin. The formation of these ubiquitin chains is referred to as polyubiquitylation. This tag-free recombinant form of human ubiquitin is engineered to have a single substitution of arginine for lysine at position 48 and 63. Covalent attachment of ubiquitin to other proteins serves various functions, but its major role is to target cellular proteins for





Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

destruction. Cellular components that activate, transfer, remove, or simply recognize ubiquitin number in the hundreds, perhaps even in the thousands. In light of this complexity the ubiquitin pathway is ideal for a systems biology approach. Ubiquitin plays a very important role in regulated non-lysosomal ATP dependent protein degradation. The Ub-proteasome proteolytic pathway, which is a complex process, is implicated to be of great importance for regulating numerous cellular processes.

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Pancre V., et al. Eur. J. Immunol. 21:2735-2741(1991). Adams S.M., et al.Br. J. Cancer 65:65-71(1992). Hillier L.W., et al. Nature 434:724-731(2005). Vladimirov S.N., et al. Eur. J. Biochem. 239:144-149(1996). Schlesinger D.H., et al. Nature 255:423-424(1975).