

Human CellExp VEGF 121, Human recombinant protein
Human Cellexp Human Recombinant VEGF 121
Catalog # PBV10716r**Specification**

Human CellExp VEGF 121, Human recombinant protein - Product info

Primary Accession	P15692
Calculated MW	37 kDa, homodimer; 50 kDa, homotrimer, glycosylated kDa

Human CellExp VEGF 121, Human recombinant protein - Additional Info

Gene ID	7422
Gene Symbol	VEGFA
Other Names	
Vascular endothelial growth factor A, VEGF-A, Vascular permeability factor, VPF, VEGF, MGC70609.	

Gene Source	Human
Source	Human 293 cell expressed
Assay&Purity	SDS-PAGE; > 95%
Assay2&Purity2	N/A;
Recombinant	Yes
Results	2 to 8 ng/ml

Application Notes

Reconstitute in sterile PBS containing 0.1% endotoxin-free recombinant human serum albumin.

Format

Lyophilized

Storage

-80°C; Lyophilized in PBS.

Human CellExp VEGF 121, Human recombinant protein - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Human CellExp VEGF 121, Human recombinant protein - Images**Human CellExp VEGF 121, Human recombinant protein - Background**

VEGF is an important signaling protein involved in both vasculogenesis and angiogenesis. As its name implies, VEGF activity has been mostly studied on cells of the vascular endothelium, although it does have effects on a number of other cell types (e.g. stimulation monocyte/ macrophage migration, neurons, cancer cells, kidney epithelial cells). VEGF mediates increased vascular permeability, induces angiogenesis, vasculogenesis and endothelial cell growth, promotes cell migration, and inhibits apoptosis. In vitro, VEGF has been shown to stimulate endothelial cell mitogenesis and cell migration. VEGF is also a vasodilator and increases microvascular permeability and was originally referred to as vascular permeability factor. Elevated levels of this protein are linked to POEMS syndrome, also known as Crow-Fukase syndrome. Mutations in this gene have been associated with proliferative and nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy.

Human CellExp VEGF 121, Human recombinant protein - References

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Keck P.J., et al. Science 246:1309-1312(1989).
Tischer E., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 266:11947-11954(1991).
Houck K.A., et al. Mol. Endocrinol. 5:1806-1814(1991).
Weindel K., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 183:1167-1174(1992).