

Human CellExp FOLR1, human recombinant protein

FOLR1, FBP, FOLR, FOLR-1, Folate-receptor-alpha Catalog # PBV11077r

Specification

Human CellExp FOLR1, human recombinant protein - Product info

Primary Accession P15328

Calculated MW

This protein is fused with 6×his tag at the
C-terminus and has a calculated MW of

25.4 kDa expressed. The predicted N-terminus is Arg 25. Protein migrates as 33-37 kDa in reduced SDS-PAGE resulting

from glycosylation. KDa

Human CellExp FOLR1, human recombinant protein - Additional Info

Gene ID 2348
Gene Symbol FOLR1

Other Names

FOLR1, FBP, FOLR, FOLR-1, Folate-receptor-alpha

Gene Source Human
Source HEK293 cells
Assay&Purity SDS-PAGE; ≥95%

Assay2&Purity2
Recombinant
Yes
Results
Mea

Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. When Folic Acid Bovine Serum Albumin is coated at 5 μg/ml (100 μl/well), the concentration of rhFOLR1 that produces 50% of the optimal binding

response is found to be approximately

0.35-1.8 nM.

Target/Specificity FOLR1

Application Notes

Centrifuge the vial prior to opening. Reconstitute in sterile PBS, pH 7.4 to a concentration of 50 μ g/ml. Do not vortex. This solution can be stored at 2-8°C for up to 1 month. For extended storage, it is recommended to store at -20°C.

Format

Lyophilized

Storage

-20°C; Lyophilized from 0.22 μm filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4. Normally Mannitol or Trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization.



Human CellExp FOLR1, human recombinant protein - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Human CellExp FOLR1, human recombinant protein - Images

Human CellExp FOLR1, human recombinant protein - Background

Folate Receptor 1 (FOLR1) also known as Folate receptor alpha, Folate Binding Protein (FBP), FOLR, and is a member of the folate receptor (FOLR) family. Members of this gene family have a high affinity for folic acid and for several reduced folic acid derivatives, and mediate delivery of 5-methyltetrahydrofolate to the interior of cells. Mature FOLR1 is an N-glycosylated protein that is anchored to the cell surface by a GPI linkage. FOLR1 is predominantly expressed on epithelial cells and is dramatically upregulated on many carcinomas. FOLR1 is internalized to the endosomal system where it dissociates from its ligand before recycling to the cell surface. A soluble form of FOLR1 can be proteolytically shed from the cell surface into the serum and breast milk. Defects in FOLR1 are the cause of neurodegeneration due to cerebral folate transport deficiency (NCFTD). NCFTD is an autosomal recessive disorder resulting from brain-specific folate deficiency early in life.

Human CellExp FOLR1, human recombinant protein - References

Elwood P.C., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 264:14893-14901(1989). Lacey S.W., et al. J. Clin. Invest. 84:715-720(1989). Campbell I.G., et al. Cancer Res. 51:5329-5338(1991). Coney L.R., et al. Cancer Res. 51:6125-6132(1991). Sadasivan E., et al. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1131:91-94(1992).