

**Pim 1, Active recombinant protein**  
**Pim, Serine/threonine-protein kinase Pim-1**  
**Catalog # PBV11317r**

## Specification

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### Pim 1, Active recombinant protein - Product info

Primary Accession	<a href="#">P11309</a>
Concentration	<b>0.1</b>
Calculated MW	<b>62.0 kDa KDa</b>

### Pim 1, Active recombinant protein - Additional Info

Gene ID	<b>5292</b>
Gene Symbol	<b>PIM1</b>
<b>Other Names</b>	
Pim, Serine/threonine-protein kinase Pim-1	
Source	<b>Baculovirus (Sf9 insect cells)</b>
Assay&Purity	<b>SDS-PAGE; ≥90%</b>
Assay2&Purity2	<b>HPLC;</b>
Recombinant	<b>Yes</b>
<b>Format</b>	
Liquid	

### Storage

-80°C; Recombinant proteins in storage buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 0.25 mM DTT, 0.1 mM EGTA, 0.1 mM EDTA, 0.1 mM PMSF, 25% glycerol).

### Pim 1, Active recombinant protein - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### Pim 1, Active recombinant protein - Images

### Pim 1, Active recombinant protein - Background

The proto-oncogene Pim1 belongs to a family of serine/threonine protein kinases that are highly conserved through evolution in multicellular organisms. Originally identified from Moloney murine leukemia virus induced T-cell lymphomas in mice, Pim1 is involved in the control of cytokine-mediated cell proliferation, differentiation and survival of lymphoid and myeloid cells as

well as others. Expression of Pim1 can be stimulated by a variety of growth factors and is regulated at four different levels: transcriptional, post-transcriptional, translational and post-translational. Accumulating data support that the expression of Pim1 is mediated through activation of the JAK/STAT pathway. Some of the substrates of Pim1 include p21 Cip1, nuclear mitotic apparatus protein, PTP-U2S and Socs-1. Recently, Pim1 has been shown to enhance the activities of p100, c-Myb and Cdc 25a and in part this might explain reported effects of Pim1 on mitogenesis. Pim1 interacts with c-Myb via the DNA binding domain and regulates its transcriptional activity.

#### **Pim 1, Active recombinant protein - References**

Reeves R.,et al.Gene 90:303-307(1990).  
Zakut-Houri R.,et al.Gene 54:105-111(1987).  
Domen J.,et al.Oncogene Res. 1:103-112(1987).  
Meeker T.C.,et al.J. Cell. Biochem. 35:105-112(1987).  
Xie Y.,et al.Oncogene 25:70-78(2006).