

#### Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2A, Human Recombinant

p16-INK4a, Cyclin-Dependent Kinase Inhibitor 2A, Cyclin-Dependent Kinase 4 Inhibitor A, CDK4I, p16IN
Catalog # PBV11462r

#### **Specification**

# Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2A, Human Recombinant - Product info

Primary Accession P42771

Calculated MW 16.5 kDa KDa

#### Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2A, Human Recombinant - Additional Info

Gene ID 1029

**Other Names** 

p16-INK4a, Cyclin-Dependent Kinase Inhibitor 2A, Cyclin-Dependent Kinase 4 Inhibitor A, CDK4I, p16INK4A, p16-INK4, Multiple Tumor Suppressor 1, MTS-1

Gene Source Human Source E. coli

Assay&Purity SDS-PAGE;≥95% Assay2&Purity2 HPLC;≥95%

Recombinant Ye

Sequence Human Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor

2A (Met 1 - Asp 156)

Target/Specificity

Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2A

#### **Application Notes**

Reconstitute in sterile PBS (pH 8.0) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml. Do not vortex. Additional carrier protein (example 0.1% BSA) is recommended for long term storage.

## **Format**

Dry powder

#### **Storage**

-80°C;Lyophilized powder

### Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2A, Human Recombinant - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety



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#### Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2A, Human Recombinant - Images

# Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2A, Human Recombinant - Background

Acts as a negative regulator of the proliferation of normal cells by interacting strongly with CDK4 and CDK6. This inhibits their ability to interact with cyclins D and to phosphorylate the retinoblastoma protein. This activity has the effect of suppressing tumor formation and growth, and of inducing replicative senescence in various normal cells, including stem cells. The expression of Cyclin-Dependent Kinase Inhibitor 2A steadily increases with age, and tends to accumulate in stem cell compartments. The deletion, rearrangement, or mutation of the Cyclin-Dependent Kinase Inhibitor 2A gene is frequently found in melanomas, as well as in certain other types of cancer.