

**SMAD3-S204 Non-phospho Control Peptide**  
**Synthetic Peptide**  
**Catalog # SP2001c****Specification**

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**SMAD3-S204 Non-phospho Control Peptide - Product Information**

Primary Accession	<a href="#">P84024</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">Q8BUN5</a> , <a href="#">P84022</a> , <a href="#">P84025</a>
Sequence	<a href="#">CNHSMDAGSPNLSNP</a>

**SMAD3-S204 Non-phospho Control Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 397260**Other Names**

Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 3, MAD homolog 3, Mad3, Mothers against DPP homolog 3, SMAD family member 3, SMAD 3, Smad3, SMAD3, MADH3

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**SMAD3-S204 Non-phospho Control Peptide - Protein Information****Name** SMAD3**Synonyms** MADH3**Function**

Receptor-regulated SMAD (R-SMAD) that is an intracellular signal transducer and transcriptional modulator activated by TGF-beta (transforming growth factor) and activin type 1 receptor kinases. Binds the TRE element in the promoter region of many genes that are regulated by TGF-beta and, on formation of the SMAD3/SMAD4 complex, activates transcription. Also can form a SMAD3/SMAD4/JUN/FOS complex at the AP-1/SMAD site to regulate TGF-beta-mediated transcription. Has an inhibitory effect on wound healing probably by modulating both growth and migration of primary keratinocytes and by altering the TGF-mediated chemotaxis of monocytes. This effect on wound healing appears to be hormone-sensitive. Regulator of chondrogenesis and osteogenesis and inhibits early healing of bone fractures. Positively regulates PDPK1 kinase activity by stimulating its dissociation from the 14-3-3 protein YWHAQ which acts as a negative regulator.

**Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P84022}. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P84022}. Note=Cytoplasmic and nuclear in the absence of TGF-beta (By similarity). On TGF-beta stimulation, migrates to the nucleus when complexed with SMAD4 (By similarity). Through the action of the phosphatase PPM1A, released from the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, and exported out of the nucleus by interaction with RANBP1 (By similarity). Co-localizes with LEMD3 at the nucleus inner membrane (By similarity). MAPK-mediated phosphorylation appears to have no effect on nuclear import (By similarity). PDPK1 prevents its nuclear translocation in response to TGF-beta (By similarity). Localized mainly to the nucleus in the early stages of embryo development with expression becoming evident in the cytoplasm of the inner cell mass at the blastocyst stage (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P84022, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8BUN5}

**Tissue Location**

Highly expressed in the brain and ovary. Detected in the pyramidal cells of the hippocampus, granule cells of the dentate gyrus, granular cells of the cerebral cortex and the granulosa cells of the ovary

**SMAD3-S204 Non-phospho Control Peptide - Images**