

**Bax H3 (71 - 86), Helix 3 (71 - 86)**  
**Synthetic Peptide**  
**Catalog # SP2196b**

**Specification**

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**Bax H3 (71 - 86), Helix 3 (71 - 86) - Product Information**

Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q07812</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">Q02703</a>
Sequence	NH2-DSNMELQRMIAAVDTD-COOH

**Bax H3 (71 - 86), Helix 3 (71 - 86) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 581

**Other Names**

Apoptosis regulator BAX, Bcl-2-like protein 4, Bcl2-L-4, BAX, BCL2L4

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**Bax H3 (71 - 86), Helix 3 (71 - 86) - Protein Information**

**Name** BAX

**Synonyms** BCL2L4

**Function**

Plays a role in the mitochondrial apoptotic process (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10772918" target="\_blank">10772918</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16113678" target="\_blank">16113678</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18948948" target="\_blank">18948948</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21199865" target="\_blank">21199865</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21458670" target="\_blank">21458670</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25609812" target="\_blank">25609812</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8358790" target="\_blank">8358790</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8521816" target="\_blank">8521816</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11060313" target="\_blank">11060313</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16199525" target="\_blank">16199525</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36361894" target="\_blank">36361894</a>). Under normal conditions, BAX is largely cytosolic via constant retrotranslocation from mitochondria to the cytosol mediated by BCL2L1/Bcl-xL, which avoids accumulation of toxic BAX levels at the

mitochondrial outer membrane (MOM) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21458670" target="\_blank">21458670</a>). Under stress conditions, undergoes a conformation change that causes translocation to the mitochondrion membrane, leading to the release of cytochrome c that then triggers apoptosis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11060313" target="\_blank">11060313</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16199525" target="\_blank">16199525</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10772918" target="\_blank">10772918</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16113678" target="\_blank">16113678</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18948948" target="\_blank">18948948</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21199865" target="\_blank">21199865</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21458670" target="\_blank">21458670</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25609812" target="\_blank">25609812</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8358790" target="\_blank">8358790</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8521816" target="\_blank">8521816</a>). Promotes activation of CASP3, and thereby apoptosis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11060313" target="\_blank">11060313</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16199525" target="\_blank">16199525</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10772918" target="\_blank">10772918</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16113678" target="\_blank">16113678</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18948948" target="\_blank">18948948</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21199865" target="\_blank">21199865</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21458670" target="\_blank">21458670</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25609812" target="\_blank">25609812</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8358790" target="\_blank">8358790</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8521816" target="\_blank">8521816</a>).

### **Cellular Location**

[Isoform Alpha]: Mitochondrion outer membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasm. Nucleus Note=Colocalizes with 14-3-3 proteins in the cytoplasm. Under stress conditions, undergoes a conformation change that causes release from JNK-phosphorylated 14-3-3 proteins and translocation to the mitochondrion membrane. Upon Sendai virus infection, recruited to the mitochondrion through interaction with IRF3 (PubMed:25609812) [Isoform Gamma]: Cytoplasm.

### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in a wide variety of tissues. Isoform Psi is found in glial tumors. Isoform Alpha is expressed in spleen, breast, ovary, testis, colon and brain, and at low levels in skin and lung. Isoform Sigma is expressed in spleen, breast, ovary, testis, lung, colon, brain and at low levels in skin. Isoform Alpha and isoform Sigma are expressed in pro-myelocytic leukemia, histiocytic lymphoma, Burkitt's lymphoma, T-cell lymphoma, lymphoblastic leukemia, breast adenocarcinoma, ovary adenocarcinoma, prostate carcinoma, prostate adenocarcinoma, lung carcinoma, epidermoid carcinoma, small cell lung carcinoma and colon adenocarcinoma cell lines

### **Bax H3 (71 - 86), Helix 3 (71 - 86) - Images**