SIRT3 Antibody (C-term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP6242a

Specification

SIRT3 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application</th>
<th>IHC-P, WB,E</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Primary Accession</td>
<td>Q9NTG7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reactivity</td>
<td>Human, Mouse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Host</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clonality</td>
<td>Polyclonal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isotype</td>
<td>Rabbit IgG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antigen Region</td>
<td>250-279</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

SIRT3 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 23410

Other Names
NAD-dependent protein deacetylase sirtuin-3, mitochondrial, hSIRT3, 351-, Regulatory protein SIR2 homolog 3, SIR2-like protein 3, SIRT3, SIR2L3

Target/Specificity
This SIRT3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 250-279 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human SIRT3.

Dilution
IHC-P—1:50–100
WB—1:1000

Format
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions
SIRT3 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SIRT3 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name SIRT3

Synonyms SIR2L3

Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

All lanes: Anti-SIRT3 Antibody (C-term) at 1:2000 dilution Lan e1: human kidney lysate Lane 2: human liver lysate Lane 3: mouse liver lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 44 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.
Function
NAD-dependent protein deacetylase

Activates or deactivates mitochondrial target proteins by deacetyllating key lysine residues

Known targets include ACSS1, IDH, GDH, SOD2, PDHA1, LCAD, SDHA and the ATP synthase subunit ATP5PO

Contributes to the regulation of the cellular energy metabolism

In response to metabolic stress, deacetylates Western blot analysis of lysates from 293, HepG2 cell line (from left to right), using SIRT3 Antibody (C-term)(Cat. #AP6242a). AP6242a was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 35ug per lane.

SIRT3 Antibody (C-term) (Cat.# AP6242a) western blot analysis in HepG2 cell line lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the SIRT3 antibody detected the SIRT3 protein (arrow).
transcription factor FOXO3 and recruits FOXO3 and mitochondrial RNA polymerase POLRMT to mtDNA to promote mtDNA transcription (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23283301" target="_blank">23283301</a>). This demonstrates the SIRT3 antibody detected the SIRT3 protein (arrow).

**SIRT3 Antibody (C-term) - Background**

SIRT3 is a member of the sirtuin family of proteins, homologs to the yeast Sir2 protein. Members of the sirtuin family are characterized by a sirtuin core domain and grouped into four classes. The functions of human sirtuins have not yet been determined; however, yeast sirtuin proteins are known to regulate epigenetic gene silencing and suppress recombination of rDNA. Studies suggest that the human sirtuins may function as intracellular regulatory proteins with mono-ADP-ribosyltransferase activity. The SIRT3 is included in class I of the sirtuin family.

**SIRT3 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytometry
- Cell Culture

**SIRT3 Antibody (C-term) - Citations**

- Sirtuin3 protects aged human mesenchymal stem cells against oxidative stress and enhances efficacy of cell therapy for ischaemic heart diseases.
- Activation of AMPK-SIRT3 Signaling is Chondroprotective by Preserving Mitochondrial DNA Integrity and Function.
- Short-Duration Swimming Exercise after Myocardial Infarction Attenuates Cardiac Dysfunction and Regulates Mitochondrial Quality Control in Aged Mice.
- Decreased Sirtuin Deacetylase Activity in LRRK2 G2019S iPSC-Derived Dopaminergic Neurons.
- Localization of sirtuins (SIRT1-7) in the aged mouse inner ear.
- Activation of the aryl hydrocarbon receptor sensitizes mice to nonalcoholic steatohepatitis by deactivating mitochondrial sirtuin deacetylase Sirt3.
- Receptor-interacting protein (RIP) and Sirtuin-3 (SIRT3) are on opposite sides of anoikis and tumorigenesis.
- Integration of β-catenin, sirtuin, and FOXO signaling protects from mutant huntingtin toxicity.
- PPARα-LXR as a novel metabolostatic signalling axis in skeletal muscle that acts to optimize substrate selection in response to nutrient status.
- Sirtuin-3 (SIRT3), a novel potential therapeutic target for oral cancer.
- FoxO1 mediates an autofeedback loop regulating SIRT1 expression.
- Exogenous NAD blocks cardiac hypertrophic response via activation of the SIRT3-LKB1-AMP-activated kinase pathway.
- Sirt3 blocks the cardiac hypertrophic response by augmenting Foxo3a-dependent antioxidant defense mechanisms in mice.
- SIRT3 is a stress-responsive deacetylase in cardiomyocytes that protects cells from stress-mediated cell death by deacetylation of Ku70.